on the under side pale fawn, with a band of pale-red spots on both wings about the middle, and a few similar spots on the outer and inner margins of the hind wings. Expanse, .75 inch.

Early Stages.—Only the egg, described and figured by Scudder, is known.

It ranges from Quebec to southern New Jersey, and westward to West Virginia, and has been taken on Mount Graham, in Arizona. It appears in early spring. It is still rare in collections.

(37) Thecla titus, Fabricius, Plate XXX, Fig. 10, *$*; Fig. 14, *$, underside;* Plate V, Fig. 37, *chrysalis*

(The Coral Hair-streak).

Butterfly.—Uniformly gray-brown on the upper side. Some specimens of the female have a few red spots at the anal angle of the hind wing. On the under side the wings are colored as on the upper side; but the hind wings have a conspicuous submarginal band of coral-red spots on their outer third. Expanse, 1.30 inch.

Early Stages.— These have been well described by several authors. The fullest account is given by Scudder. The caterpillar feeds on the leaves of the wild cherry and the wild plum.

Fio. 133.—Neuiiteт ^niaff'ed* Typical of subl

The insect occurs from the Atlantic to thd Pacific, from Maine to Georgia. It is not very common.

There are some ten or more other species of this genus found in our fauna, but the species figured in our plates will suffice to give a good idea of the genus.

Genus FENISECA, Grote

(The Harvesters)

"Upon his painted wings, the butterfly
Roam'd, a gay blossom of the sunny sky."
WILLIS G. CLARK.

Butterfly.—Small, bright orange-yellow, on the upper side

spotted with black, on the under side more or less mottled and shaded with gray and brown, the markings of the upper side reappearing. The cut shows the neuration, which need not be minutely described.

v—Subglobular, much wider than high, its surface smooth*